## **Spelling list: GCSE Sociology: Family 3**

Key words for GCSE Sociology.

kibbutz	A <b>kibbutz</b> is a type of Israeli settlement in which members live as a community.
conventional	The term <b>conventional</b> family describes a family made up of two parents and their children.
canalisation	<b>Canalisation</b> is the influencing of children by giving them gender-specific toys.
secularisation	Secularisation describes movement away from religion.
principle	The <b>principle</b> of stratified diffusion suggests that social change happens at the top and moves down.
stratified	The principle of <b>stratified</b> diffusion suggests that social change happens at the top and moves down.
diffusion	The principle of stratified <b>diffusion</b> suggests that social change happens at the top and moves down.
dysfunctional	A <b>dysfunctional</b> family is a family that does not work.
monogamy	Monogamy describes being in only one relationship or marriage at a time.
kinship	Kinship networks are the relationships between family members.
networks	Kinship <b>networks</b> are the relationships between family members.
pre-industrial	If something is <b>pre-industrial</b> , it means it is from before the mass use of machinery.
contemporary	Contemporary means happening in the present time.
separate	The <b>separate</b> spheres are the private world of the home and the public world of work.

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world of work.

matriarchal In matriarchal societies, women hold advantages and power over men.