Spelling list: GCSE Maths: Data 2

Key words for GCSE Maths

histogram A **histogram** shows the frequency of data in bars.

impossible If something is **impossible**, it will definitely not happen.

If something is **independent**, it means it does not rely on or affect independent

something else.

interpret If you **interpret** data, it means you find conclusions from it.

The **interquartile** range is the difference between the upper and lower interquartile

quartiles.

The interquartile **range** is the difference between the upper and lower range

quartiles.

The **mean** is calculated by adding up the values and dividing by the number mean

of values.

median The **median** is the middle point of a data range.

modal The **modal** group is the group with the highest frequency.

mode The **mode** is the most frequently occurring value.

If two events are **mutually** exclusive, it means they can't happen at the mutually

same time.

If two events are mutually **exclusive**, it means they can't happen at the exclusive

same time.

outcome The **outcome** is the result of an experiment.

outlier An **outlier** is a value that doesn't fit the expected pattern.